# System Stability through technology

Basic capability

Advanced capabilities





Mechanical controls

Fly by wire





Stability through physics

Stability through technology



# **Smart Grid Design Goals**

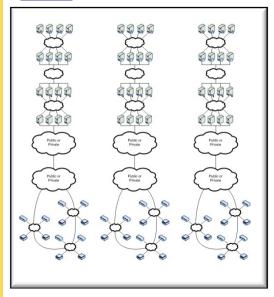
- More increased capabilities
  - More capabilities at the edge and enterprise, pervasive automation
- Better faster, more reliable & secure
  - The electric grid is more resilient
  - Dynamic control of all security elements allows the system to adapt to evolving threats
- Easier usability (convergence, unified control, visualization, information on demand)
  - Tens of Millions of nodes are manageable
  - Situational awareness
  - Common Services allow for easier integration of new capabilities and technologies



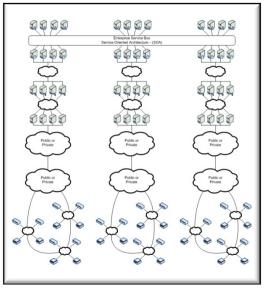
### Smart Grid System of Systems (SoS) Research

#### Four evolutions of Smart Grid SoS Architectures

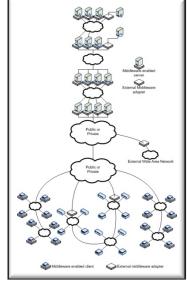
#### Silos



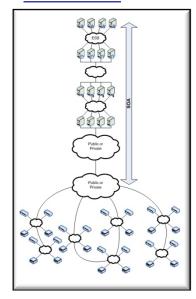
#### **ESB**



#### Adapter-based



#### Common



1

**Current-state** 

2

**Typical SI Approach** 

3

DoD-style approach

4

Standards –based Internet-style



### **CCS** Introduction

- Changing Landscape
  - Increased attention from government, media, public
  - New class of adversary and malicious threats
  - Increase use of Communications and Automation on the grid
  - Customer and 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Interaction increasing

#### Objectives

- Security needs to keep pace with increasing pace of technology adoption
- Security needs to be baked in to new procurements while addressing legacy environment (No device left behind)
- Security needs to comply with all regulations and relevant standards
- Adhere to common services architecture that reduces implementation and operational costs through reuse

#### Solution

- CCS is a common service for securing applications and devices
- CCS focuses on securing all critical energy delivery operations
- CCS is the first open and standards based implementation which meets all objectives



# **CCS Technology Highlights**

- The most advanced security system in the energy sector
  - Next generation utility technologies
  - DoD technology transfer
  - Best practices from many sectors
  - Modern SOA style architecture
- The most compliant security system
  - NERC CIP Version X
  - All Federal Processing Standards (DHS, FIPS)
  - NIST Compliant (NISTIR, SP)
- A robust, scalable and dynamic security system
  - Supports all Grid Applications
  - Supports current and next generation networking (MPLS)
  - Supports all major protocols used on the Grid
  - Modular Construction

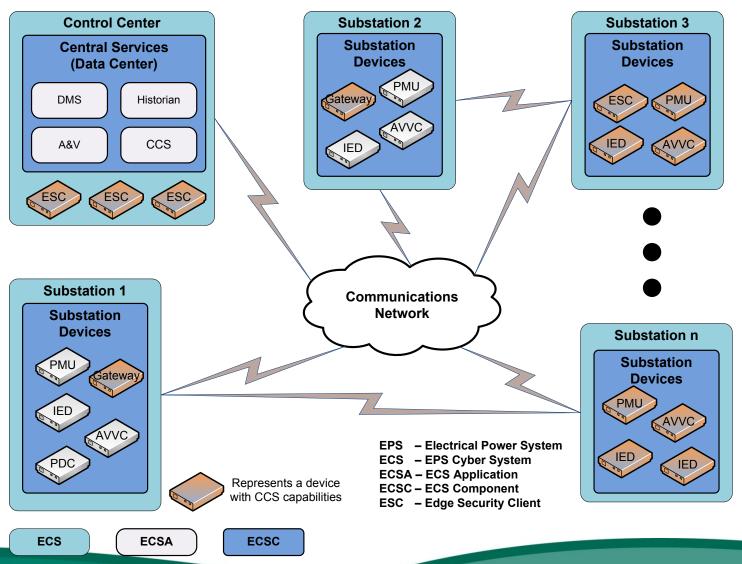


# **CCS Technology Highlights**

- Easily Integrated into existing environment
  - Supports existing control and IT investments (Directory Services, Enterprise PKI)
  - 8 inflight advanced programs are relying on new services (e.g. ISGD, Phasor Measurement, SA3, C-RAS, etc.)
  - Supports gradual evolution to full compliance over time
- Ease of Use
  - AMI Security uses command line and requires vendor support
  - CCS has next generation web based graphical user interface
  - Enables a powerful and unified security operations center
- IEC has committed to align with CCS principles
  - Hosted IEC TC 57 Security Meetings
  - New Part to FERC reviewed/recommended 62351
- GE and Subnet are deploying CCS compatible devices and discussion are underway with other major vendors

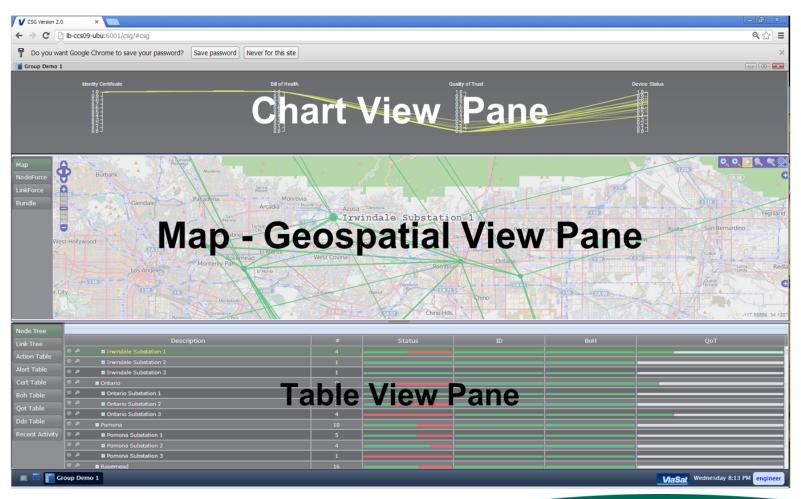


## **Operational View**



## **CCS Concepts: Advanced Visualization**

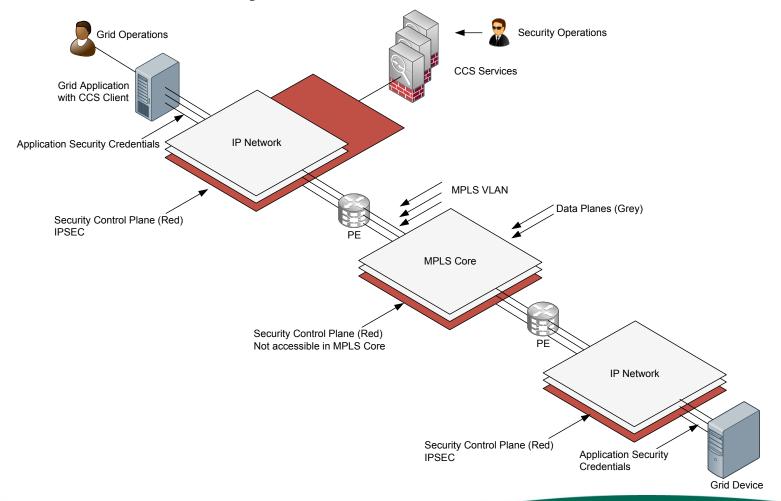
Easy to use, intuitive interface





# **CCS Concepts: Control Plane**

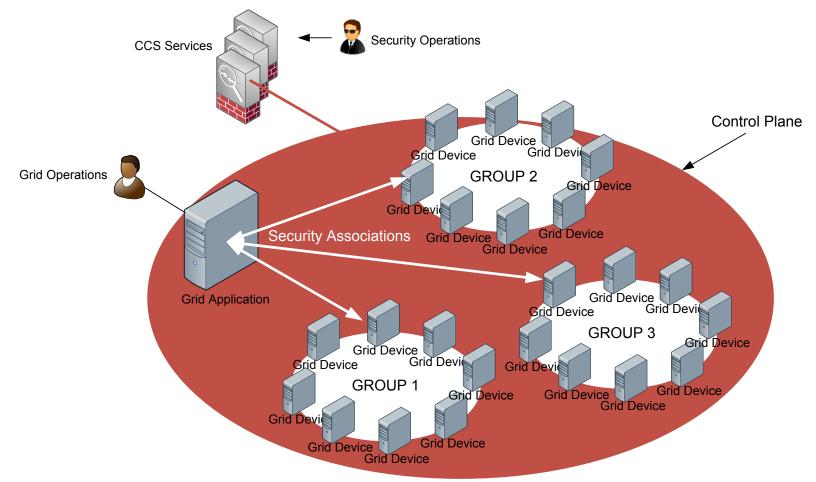
#### All Devices are centrally controlled





## **CCS Concepts: Groups**

### Management of communities and groups





# **Initial CCS Capabilities**

#### **Authentication**

 Public Key Infrastructure (PKI), Identity Management, Attribute Certificates (BoH)

#### **Authorization**

• Centrally Managed and Configured Security Associations (SAs)

#### Accounting

Audit & Reporting (Alert, Syslog)

Security Information and Event Management (SIEM)

#### Integrity

- Integrity Management Authority (IMA)
- Trusted Network Connect
- Bill-of-Health

#### **Quality-of-Trust**

• Source-based Data Labeling : Trusted, Questionable, Untrusted

# Peer-to-Peer Communication

Peer-to-peer middleware using Data Distribution System (DDS)

- · Use only for control plane
- Several vendors available including open source

Dynamic Interactive GUI

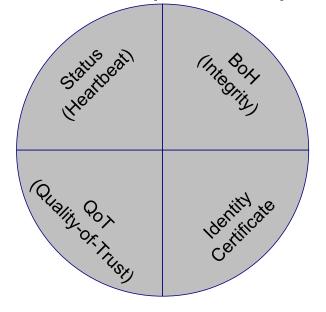
- Accessed via Web Browser (Chrome 14, FireFox 7 and IE 10 in the future)
- Built-in Test and Peek-Poke Capabilities



# **GUI Icon Legend**

 All Nodes in the security network are displayed as circles and quadrants represent quality of security

attributes





### To ensure proper operation, rigorous technology evaluation must take place in a controlled environment before smart grid technologies are deployed on the grid

Situational Awareness Lab



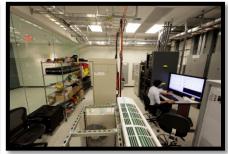
Communications & **Computing Lab** 



**Power Systems Lab** 



**Distributed Energy Resources Lab** 





Substation Automation Lab Distribution Automation Lab



**Home Area Network Lab** 



**Garage of the Future Lab** 



